## Press release

## Home loans at KBC in 2009 greener and more variable

1. KBC granted more mortgage loans in 2009 than in 2008, with the quantity up $27 \%$ and amount granted up $13 \%$.
2. In 2009, far more borrowers opted for variable instead of fixed interest rates than in the previous year.
3. The average term of new home loans with fixed rates fell for the first time in five years.
4. The average amount borrowed was down more than $10 \%$ on 2008 levels, due in part to the popularity of green loans for home improvements.
5. More than $50 \%$ of borrowers were younger than 35 , with some $8 \%$ under 25 and around $20 \%$ over 45.
6. Green loans with reduced interest rates were highly popular.
7. KBC grants considerably more home loans in 2009 than in 2008

In 2009, KBC granted $\mathbf{2 7 \%}$ more home loans in terms of quantity and $\mathbf{1 3 \%}$ more in terms of the amount than a year earlier, despite the economic crisis. In the first half of 2009, loan applications and loan production remained at a low level. Although the number of contracts concluded in the first quarter of 2009 was down $7.64 \%$ year-on-year, the market started to recover in July and was even up by more than a third year-on-year in the last quarter.


[^0]
## 2. Variable formulas gain significantly in popularity

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 8}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 9}$ |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | by quantity | by amount | by quantity | by amount |
| Variable rate | $17,0 \%$ | $19,0 \%$ | $52,0 \%$ | $65,0 \%$ |
| Fixed rate | $83,0 \%$ | $81,0 \%$ | $48,0 \%$ | $35,0 \%$ |

Whereas most loans sold in 2008 had a fixed interest rate, the situation changed radically in 2009 on account of the modified yield curve. In 2008, the yield curve was extremely flat and the difference between a variable and fixed rate sometimes negligible (e.g., on 30 July 2008, the 20 -year fixed rate was $6.76 \%$ and the annually reviewable 20 -year rate $6.92 \%$ ). However, it is now steeper and the gap between fixed and variable rates is at more normal levels.

Looking at variable rate loans with monthly instalments, we notice a clear preference for annually reviewable formulas, representing $87 \%$ of all variable loans granted in December 2009. 48\% of all monthly-instalment loans with payment of interest and capital granted in 2009 had annually adjustable rates, compared to only $\mathbf{0 . 3 2 \%}$ in 2008.

## 3. Sharp drop in average term of home loans

Between 2005 and 2007, the average term of home loans continued to rise. In 2008, however, this trend stopped, and in 2009, KBC noted a sharp year-on-year decrease (10.49\%, or more than two years) in the average term of home loans with fixed rates.


This decline is due primarily to the successful launch of green home loans offering fixed rates, because they are smaller investments that are repaid over a shorter period. The average term of a green home loan with fixed rates amounts to 129 months, whereas that of a nongreen loan averages 250 months.

## 4. Average amount borrowed falls further

2009 saw a 12\% year-on-year decrease in the average amount borrowed, which is also attributable to the launch of reduced-rate green loans. The average amount borrowed for this type of green loan was 19850 euros (for information: a married couple is entitled to take out a green loan of 30000 euros per home per calendar year).


If reduced-rate green loans are excluded from the graph, the decrease in the average amount borrowed in 2009 would be much less marked, with the average being around 100000 euros. And that is simply a continuation of the downward trend of recent years.

## 5. More than 50\% of borrowers are younger than 35

Figures from 2008 show that it was mainly people under 35 who took out a home loan and that almost $13 \%$ of borrowers were younger than 25 . In 2009, however, KBC has found that there has been a shift away from younger ( $<25$ ) and older ( $>45$ ) borrowers towards the 26-45 yearold group.

|  | 200 | 200 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 to | 12.80 | 8.27 |
| 26 to | 40.53 | 44.31 |
| 36 to | 25.99 | 28.29 |
| 45 | 20.68 | 19.13 |

If we look specifically at reduced-rate green loans, we note that the average age is much higher than in the non-green category.

| 200 | Green loans | Non-green Ioans |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 to | 0.51 | 8.47 |
| 26 to | 13.42 | 45.10 |
| 36 to | 36.81 | 28.08 |
| 45 | 49.26 | 18.35 |

This is because most green loans are taken out for home improvements, an activity carried out mainly by somewhat older people.

Overall, the average age of borrowers has remained constant at 38 .

## 6. KBC aims to contribute to a better environment by actively promoting green loans

Since August 2009, KBC has been offering reduced-rate green loans in the form of both home loans (fixed rate for up to 20 years) and instalment loans. These are loans to private customers, taken out purely for energy-saving purposes. Not only owners, but also tenants, usufructuaries, bare owners, leaseholders and holders of building rights can take out a green loan. Those who do so are entitled to an interest reduction of $1.50 \%$ from the government, which settles this directly with the bank. The amount for such loans is capped at 15000 euros per person, per home, per calendar year.

KBC has been vigorously promoting these loans and as early as September 2009 it was already rewarding its 1000th 'green' customer by sending them off on a free balloon trip.

Between starting to sell these loans on 1 August 2009 and the end of January 2010, KBC had already originated 6874 green loans with reduced interest rates, 5872 in the form of home loans and 1002 in instalment loans. $84 \%$ of all green loans are for home improvements.

In addition, KBC granted more than 1 billion euros in 'green' loans to SME's and large companies in 2009.

[^1]
[^0]:    * Deeds executed, excluding own refinancing.

[^1]:    The production data in this press release relate only to KBC Bank (active in Flanders and Brussels) and not to CBC Banque (active in Wallonia and Brussels) or to Centea (present throughout Belgium).

